



Risk Assessment Guidance

Doing a risk assessment will help you to protect yourself and other people around you who could be harmed by your fundraising activities for The 70/30 Campaign.

The Health and Safety Executive (HSE) recommends five steps to risk assessment:

Step 1 → Identify the hazards

Step 2 → Decide who might be harmed and how

Step 3 → Evaluate the risks and decide on precautions

Step 4 → Record your findings and implement them

Step 5 → Review your assessment and update if necessary

Remember, a hazard is anything that may cause harm e.g. chemicals or working from ladders. A risk is the chance that a person could be harmed by these hazards, with an indication of how serious these risks could be.

To avoid such risks and potential harm coming to any people through your fundraising activities, refer to this checklist to make sure that your event is well planned.

Venue

- Does it have good lighting, clear and illuminated emergency signs, toilet facilities and easy access points?
- Are there suitable facilities for your disabled guests? In the event of an emergency how will they be evacuated?
- What are the parking facilities? Will you need to have parking stewards? Is there any disabled parking?
- What is the maximum capacity of people allowed in the venue? By law this cannot be exceeded, so how will you ensure that you stay within the limit?
- How will you ensure that fire/emergency exits are kept clear and able to be opened?
- Does the venue have a fire alarm system for evacuation? If not how will you evacuate people in an emergency?

- Have you made plans to brief and manage any volunteers helping at the event? Are they aware of evacuation procedures? Do they know how to quickly report any issues?
- Does the venue have up-to-date public liability insurance?
- What time do you have to vacate the premises by?

Equipment

- Where possible has all portable electrical equipment been PAT tested, or deemed safe to use by a qualified electrician/venue owner?
- Have all trailing wires been properly secured with hazard safety tape?
- Is the electrical equipment protected by an RCD unit - either portable to as part of the venue's system?
- Are all equipment operators knowledgeable about their equipment? Will they have rehearsed before the event?
- Have any tables or display stands that you will be using been checked? How can you avoid overloading them or placing them where they could cause an obstruction?
- Where possible will you use trolleys/wheeled carriers to transport heavy items?

First Aid & Emergency Measures

- What is the procedure for a first aid incident? If an emergency arises how will this be dealt with? Will all volunteers be briefed on these too before the event?
- Do you need to notify the police or fire brigade of your event?
- Will you need a qualified First Aider on site?
- Will you have a landline or mobile phone available for emergency use?
- Do you know where all the emergency exits and fire extinguishers are located?
- Are they clearly marked? Will all attendees be made aware of the exit procedure at the start of your event?

Food & Refreshments

If you wish to have food and drink at your event, there are additional requirements that you need to meet. **The Food Standards Agency** also provides information and guidance on safe food preparation and transport.

- It is the legal responsibility of anyone selling or processing food to do so safely and hygienically. Does the lead caterer have a Basic Food Hygiene certificate?
- Will you label any foods that may contain nuts or other allergens? Even if there is no legal requirement to label the food, it can be done voluntarily. Ideally, give the product name, a list of ingredients and details about ingredients that could cause an allergic reaction, such as nuts. Ensure the information is accurate.
- Have you made plans to keep children and animals out of food preparation areas?
- Have you provided appropriate protective clothing (aprons, plastic gloves, etc.) to all involved?

Children and Young People

You can of course involve children and young people in your fundraising activities and many do! Just make sure that all children have an appropriate role and you take the relevant precautions.

- Have you made adequate plans to supervise all children at the event?
- Permission from parents/guardians - Participation in any fundraising activity must be via an authorising adult. For children up to the age of 16, it must be for the parents to decide.
- It's illegal to let children under 16 collect money from the public without an adult with them. Have you made plans for this?
- It's illegal for children under 16 to count collected money. Who will be doing this?
- Please also note that it is illegal to allow children under 16 to sell tickets for licensed lotteries. Have you got an adult to take on this task?
- Have you made a contingency plan for the unexpected, i.e. how to deal with lost children?

Money

- Do you have a lockable box in which to keep money from the event?
- When carrying or counting money, don't be alone. Have you arranged for two people to be in charge of the money?
- Remember, don't put your personal safety in jeopardy by tackling a thief. Do those handling money have mobile phones with battery and signal?

Waste

- How will you dispose of any rubbish or waste material safely?
- How will you avoid the use of hazardous cleaning products? Will you have protective clothing at hand for helpers?
- Remember that the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 applies to volunteers as well as paid workers. You will need to consider whether and how your event could be harmful – to organisers, guests, volunteers, helpers and the public, and think how you can minimise the risk.

Insurance

Please note that The 70/30 Campaign cannot accept any responsibility for accident, injury, loss or damage as a result of your event. We therefore strongly recommend that you check you have adequate insurance (e.g. public liability insurance) and that you take all reasonable steps to ensure the safety of all concerned. It is the responsibility of those joining in activities to ensure they are fit enough to take part.

Licenses

If you are hoping to include any of the following at your event, you may need a licence: (always state that the event is in aid of The 70/30 Campaign and quote the Registered Charity number No. 1080189).

- Music and dancing
- Sale of alcohol
- Extended hours of licensed premises
- Provision of food and drink
- Copyright and royalties for drama or film show
- Collecting money or selling goods in a public place

Bear in mind:

- It is illegal to sell cigarettes, solvents or knives to children, and please do not sell alcohol to minors during a 70/30 Campaign fundraising event.
- If you have children helping at your event you need to get parental permission and we advise that you make a risk assessment. Start by reading the notes that follow this section.
- If your event will be held on private property, you will need to get permission from the Owner.
- If you intend to release photographs from the event, you will need to get signed parental permission for any children or young people in the shots.
- Please do not collect money door-to-door – this is illegal without a licence.

Code of Fundraising Practices

For further information and guidance on risk assessing for the following activities, visit The Institute of Fundraising website:

- Event Organisation
- Outdoor Events Challenge Practices:
- Raffles and Lotteries
- Face to Face Activity
- Fundraising in Schools

Risk Assessments

This guidance on this sheet constitutes a basic risk assessment. If you are organising a large event a more detailed risk assessment process will have to be followed. Use our **risk assessment template** to risk assess your fundraising activity. We are available to give you support and guidance on these forms so please contact us so we can help ensure they are correctly used.

If you use any fundraising materials, they should be labelled with 'In aid of The 70/30 Campaign, Registered Charity number **1080189**). The advice given here is clearly intended to provide general guidance only and to that extent the information conveyed is accurate at the time of writing.